

Cross Stitch

⚠ WARNING:
CHOKING HAZARD – Small parts.
Not for Children under 3 years.



A. Safety Messages

Please read through these instructions before you start.

1. Intended for children aged over 8.
2. Scissors are required (not included). Adult assistance and supervision is recommended when using scissors.
3. This kit and its finished product contain small parts which may cause choking if misused. Keep away from children under 3 years old.

B. Contents

2 plastic canvasses, 8 coloured wool, 1 needle, pattern templates, blank grid template and detailed instructions.

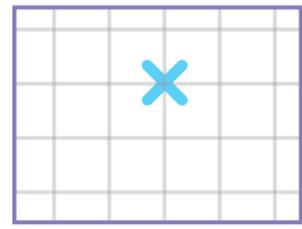
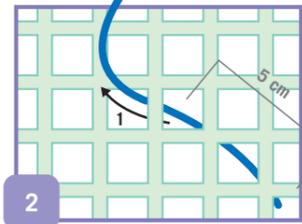
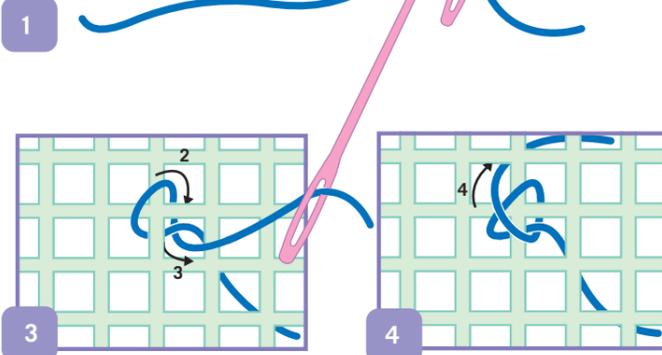
C. Cross Stitching Basics

A cross stitch is made by crossing two stitches over an intersection, so that an "X" is formed. A combination of a number these "X" stitches will form a mosaic picture. Here are some of the different types of stitch techniques.

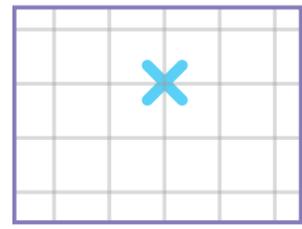
Single Cross Stitching

Single cross stitch is the basics of cross stitching. It is normally used to create dots on design patterns.

1. Thread a needle with a length of wool. Pull the wool through, leaving one long and one short end.
2. Pass the threaded needle through the plastic canvas hole (1) as shown in the diagram, leaving about 5 cm of wool at the back.
3. Cross the wool diagonally through hole (2). Hold the wool at the back of the canvas, thread the needle through hole (3), securing the loose end of the wool at the same time.
4. Finally, thread the needle through hole (4).
One single cross stitch is made.



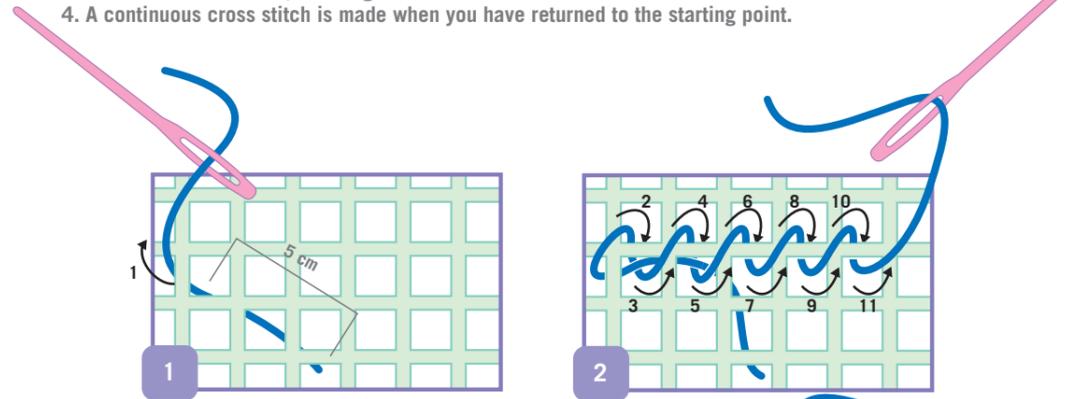
A single cross stitch will be represented by an "X" on the design pattern templates.



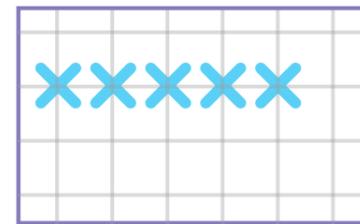
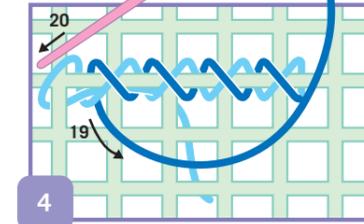
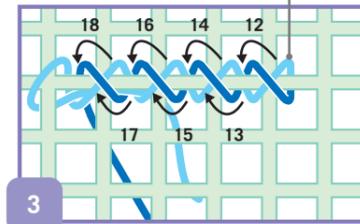
Continuous Cross Stitching

Continuous rows of cross stitches are used for filling up large areas of colours.

1. Start with hole (1), leaving a 5 cm loose end at the back of the canvas.
2. Follow the diagram, making a row of stitches from hole (2) to hole (11). At same time secure the loose end in place with the first few stitches.
3. Afterwards stitch back, crossing over the first half row made.
4. A continuous cross stitch is made when you have returned to the starting point.



The first half row is represented with a light blue colour

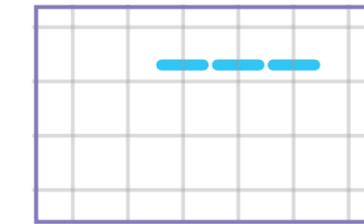
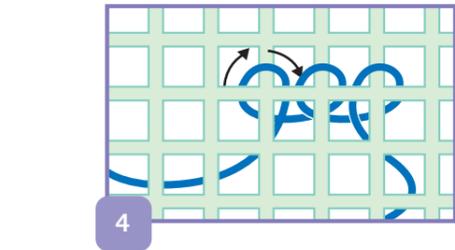
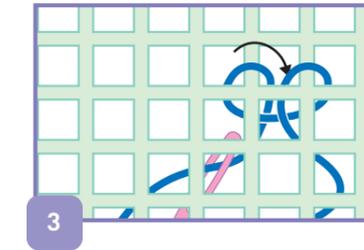
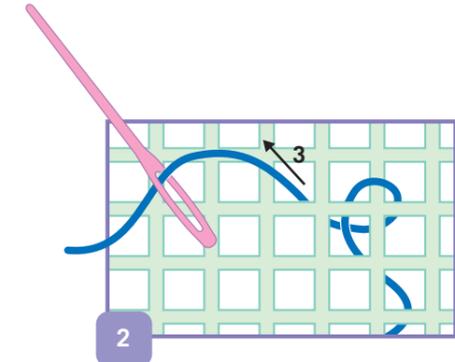
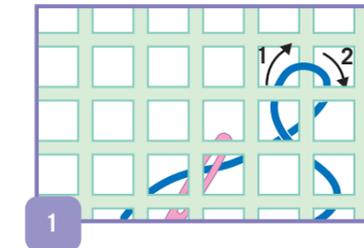


A continuous cross stitch will be represented by a row of "X's" on the design pattern templates.

Back Stitch

Back stitch is used to make lines, outlines, or in lettering. The technique is similar to making a loop of wool on the canvas.

1. Loop through hole (1) and (2).
2. Pass the needle through hole (3).
3. Loop it back through hole (1).
4. Repeat the above looping steps, so that a line of back stitching is formed.

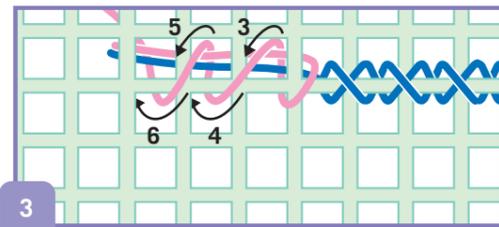
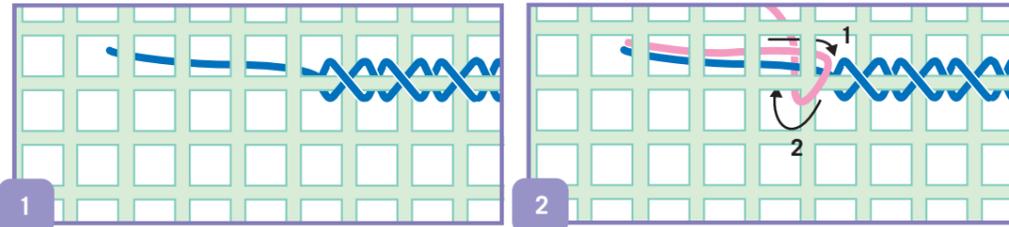


A back stitch will be represented by a row of lines on the design pattern templates.

Knotless Stitching

There is no need to tie knots after a colour is finished. Follow the below instructions for knotless stitching.

1. Simply leave a loose end of a few centimetres.
2. Start another new colour by leaving an end alongside the previous coloured wool.
3. Start stitching the new colours, securing the two colour ends in place with the first few stitches.



D. Making Cross Stitch Patterns

You have learnt the basics of cross stitching. Now we will proceed to make beautiful cross stitch patterns. Always design your pattern before you start stitching. Use the enclosed blank pattern sheet printed with grids. Plan a pattern on the grid by marking differently coloured crosses. After you finish making the design on paper, place the design below your plastic net canvas as a reference and start stitching colour by colour. (Remarks: when cutting the wool, you should try to estimate the wool length required. As a general guide each "X" stitch needs about 1cm of wool. For example, if you will be using this colour for 20 cross stitches, you will need a length of wool which is about 10 centimetres plus an extra 30 centimetres for starting, ending and looping, making it approximately 50cm long for 20 cross stitches)

For quick start, the kit includes some design templates to make a handbag, a pen holder or some coasters. Each stitch is indicated on the pattern sheet as a cross. The colour indicates the wool colour. You may create your own designs in the same way as the sample templates. The enjoyment is unlimited.

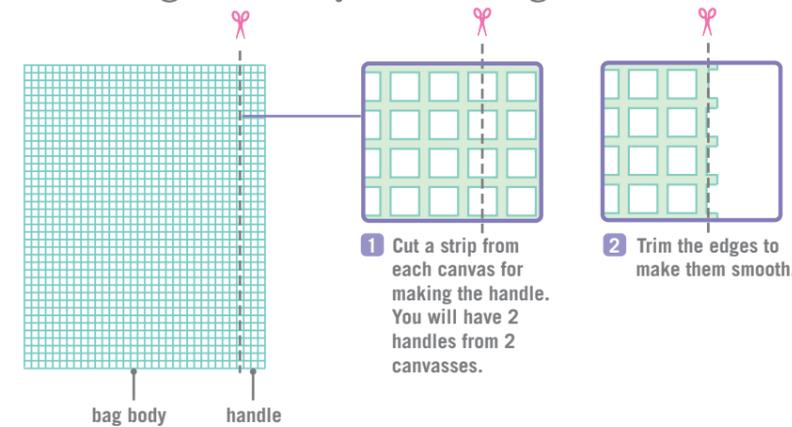
QUESTION AND COMMENTS

We treasure you as a customer and your satisfaction with this product is important to us. In case you have any comments or questions, or you find any parts of this kit missing or defective, please do not hesitate to contact our distributor in your country, whose address is printed on the package. You are also welcome to contact our marketing support team at Email: infodesk@4M-IND.com, Fax (852) 25911566, Tel (852) 28936241, Web site: WWW.4M-IND.COM

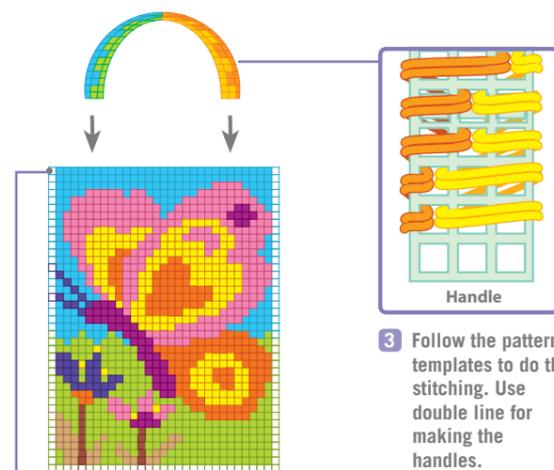
Please note the following tips before beginning to make your cross stitch art:

1. To correctly place your design on the canvas, start from the centre.
2. Please remind to have all of the stitches cross in the same direction (this will give the stitching a smooth sheen).
3. Keep the tension even on every stitch to produce a smooth surface.
4. Cross stitch is very simple to work with. If you are new to cross stitch, a little patience is required. You may also ask for your parent's assistance if you need to. If you make any mistakes, simply remove all the incorrect stitches, and redo your work. Minor mistakes will not be noticed in the overall any design. Most of all enjoy your stitching!!

E. Making A Butterfly Fashion Bag

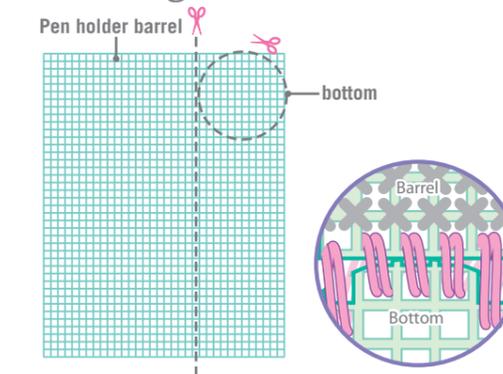


- 1 Cut a strip from each canvas for making the handle. You will have 2 handles from 2 canvasses.
- 2 Trim the edges to make them smooth.



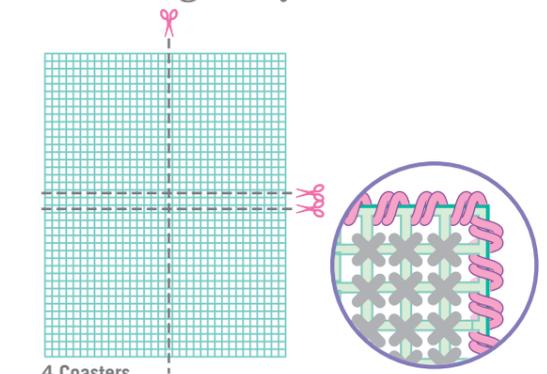
- 3 Follow the pattern templates to do the stitching. Use double line for making the handles.
- 4 Connect the handles to the bag bodies as shown in diagram. It is more secure to use double lines.

F. Making A Colourful Pen Holder



- 1 Cut the plastic to sizes as shown in the diagram. Trim the edges to make it smooth. Follow the pattern templates to do the stitching.
- 2 Connect the barrel plate with the bottom as shown. A pencil case is formed.

G. Making Fancy Coasters



- 1 Cut the plastic to sizes as shown in diagram. Follow the pattern templates to do the stitching.
- 2 Sew along the borders to make the edges smooth. It is prettier and faster to use double line.

Check out the other great projects, it's easy and fun!



00-02737 Crochet Art
Contains 2 crochet hooks, 1 plastic needle, 7 assorted colours of wool and a 14 page instruction booklet. Contents are sufficient for making at least 3 projects, fashionable handbag, placemat or trendy belt.



00-02744 Weaving Loom
Contains a weaving loom, 1 plastic needle, 1 weaving shuttle, 1 weaving comb, different coloured yarns, wrap strings and detail instructions. Contents are sufficient for making 1 mobile phone bag and 3 coasters.